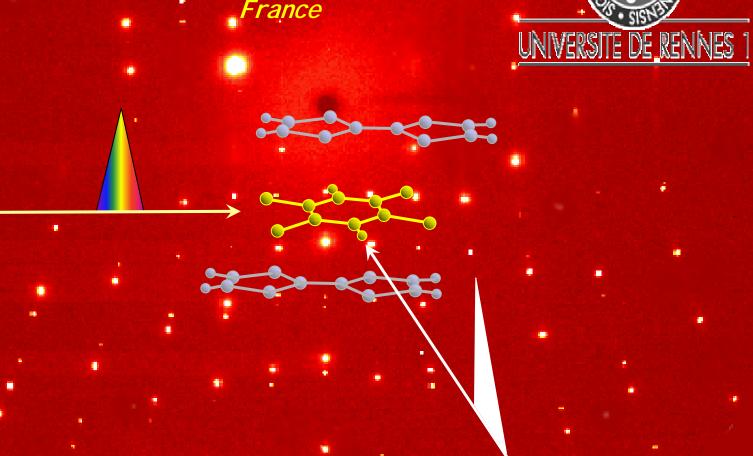
Photoinduced phase transition probed by time-resolved X-ray diffraction



Groupe Matière Condensée et Matériaux, France



Structurale investigation of photo-induced phase transition

L. Guérin, M. Buron, M.H. Lemée-Cailleau, H. Cailleau, Groupe Matière Condensée et Matériaux, University of Rennes 1, France

Investigation of photo-induced phase transition by pump-probe experimen

S. Koshihara,

ERATO project JST, Tokyo Inst of Technology, Japan

100 ps time-resolved experiments at the ESRF

M. Wulff, S Techert, A Plech

ID09B Team, ESRF, France

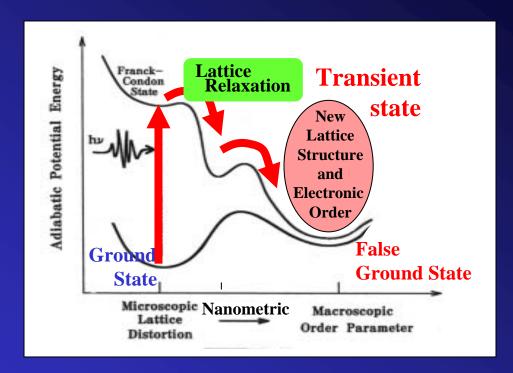
Photoinduced solid state phase transition

Out of equilibrium and multi-scale process in solids

Self-amplification of excited state

K. Nasu (2001)

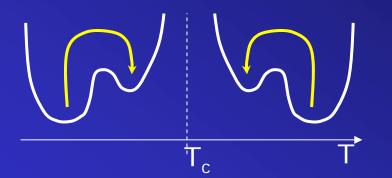
J. Phys.: Condens. Matter.



High density electronic excitation triggering structural instability:

insulating → metal

insulating insulating Solid state molecular switching



Which kind of information one can get from the diffracted X-ray?

for a given cell
$$n F_n = \langle F \rangle +$$

$$\Delta F_{n} I(\mathbf{q}) = \mathbf{N}^{2} |\langle F \rangle|^{2} \cdot \sum_{hkl} |\delta(\mathbf{q} - \mathbf{Q}_{hkl})|^{2} + \mathbf{N}' \cdot \sum_{m} \langle \Delta F_{n}^{*} \Delta F_{n+m} \rangle e^{-i\mathbf{q} \cdot \mathbf{r}_{m}}$$

Diffraction

Diffuse scattering

Bragg peaks: Diffraction

position : average lattice

shape: domain size

intensity: atoms and average structure

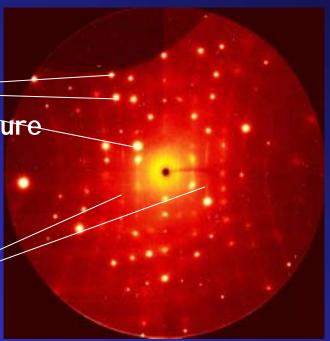
Diffuse scattering:

position: local periodic structure

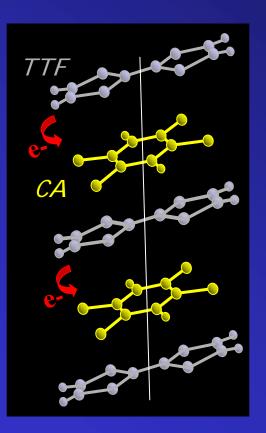
shape: correlation of local order

intensity: deviation from the average

structure



PHASE TRANSITION IN CT MOLECULAR SYSTEMS

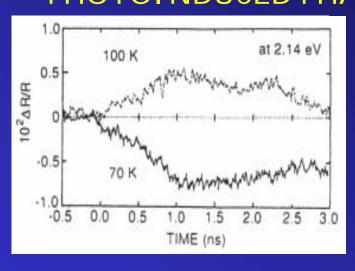


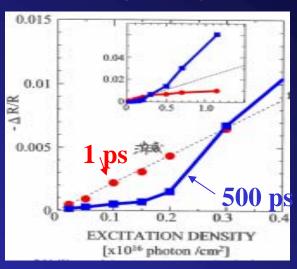


NEUTRAL high T phase



PHOTOI NDUCED PHASE TRANSITION

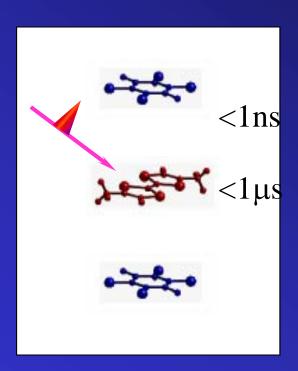


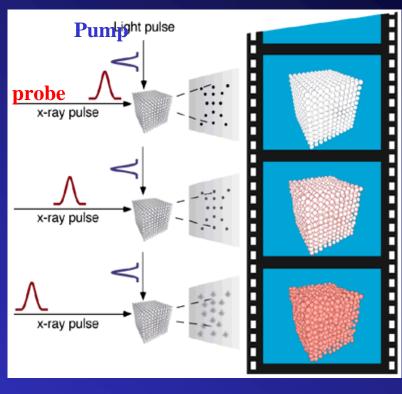


S. Koshihara et al, J. Phys. Chem. (1999)Okamoto et al,PRL(2002)

- **▶** Highly cooperative : few 100 molecules / photon
- > very fast : few 100 ps
- ► Highly non-linear : threshold behavior and hv_{pump} dependence

TIME-RESOLVED CRYSTALLOGRAPHY





X-ray sources:

- synchrotron

-> 50-150 ps

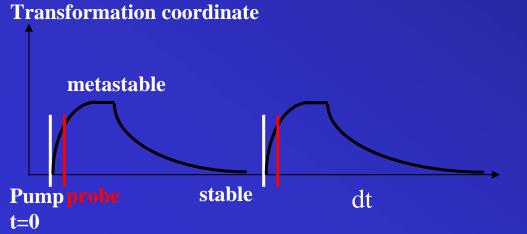
-> 100 fs

- Laser systems

-> 100 fs

- Future sources

-> 100 fs



stroboscopic techniques

'Watching matter rearrange' K. Nelson Science (1999)

Molecular movies

PICOSECONDE CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC MEASUREMENTS: ID09B ESRF

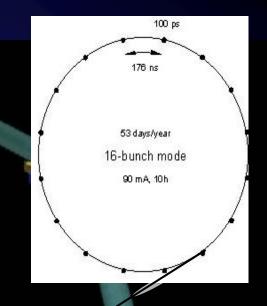
Time structure of the synchrotron radiation:

pulse width: 100 ps

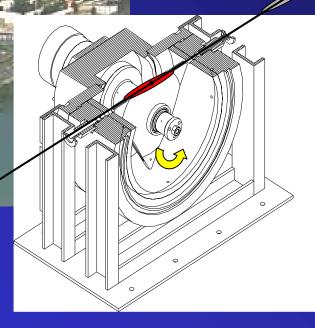
repetition rate: 1kHz (896.6 Hz)

select 1 pulse over 6400

Synchronisation chopper/Laser



Rulay Rulse 100 ps

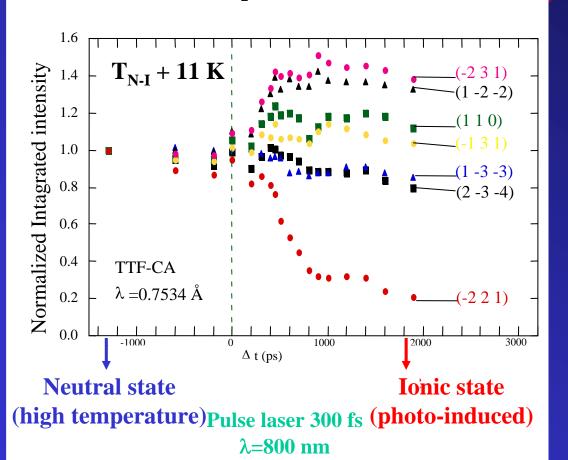


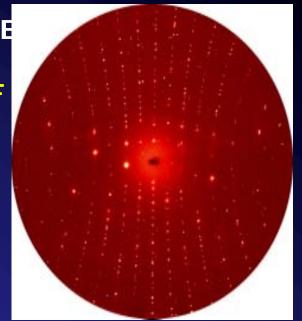
crystal

δt

STRUCTURAL STUDY OF THE PHOTO-INDUCE
N-I TRANSITION: TTF-CA
pump -Xray probe experiment ID09 ESRF

1st monochromatic experiment





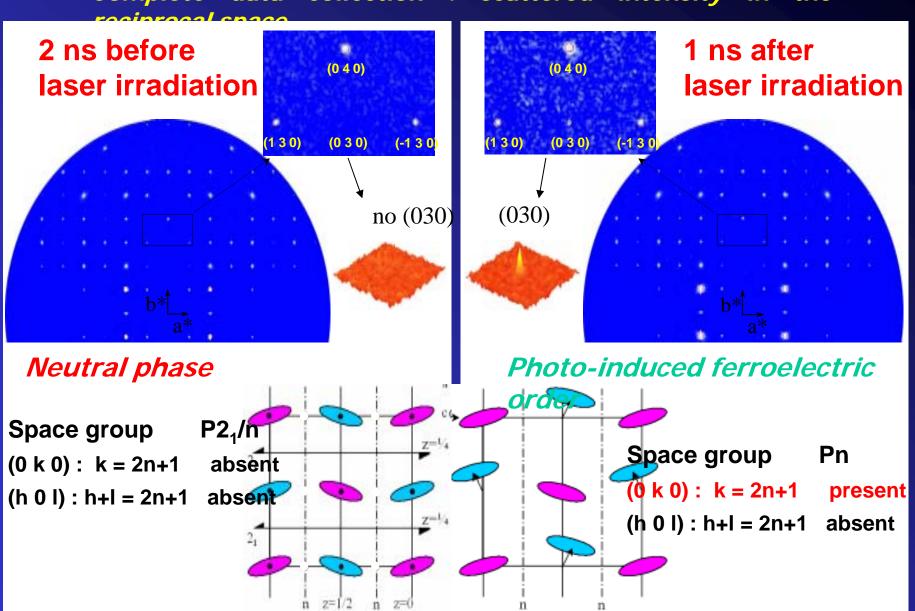
X-ray Pulses 100 ps

Structural reorganization:
3D domains
Large part transformed

E. Collet et al, Science 300 612 (2003)

PHOTO-INDUCED STRUCTURAL ORDER

Complete data collection : scattered intensity in the



E. Collet et al, Science 300 612 (2003)

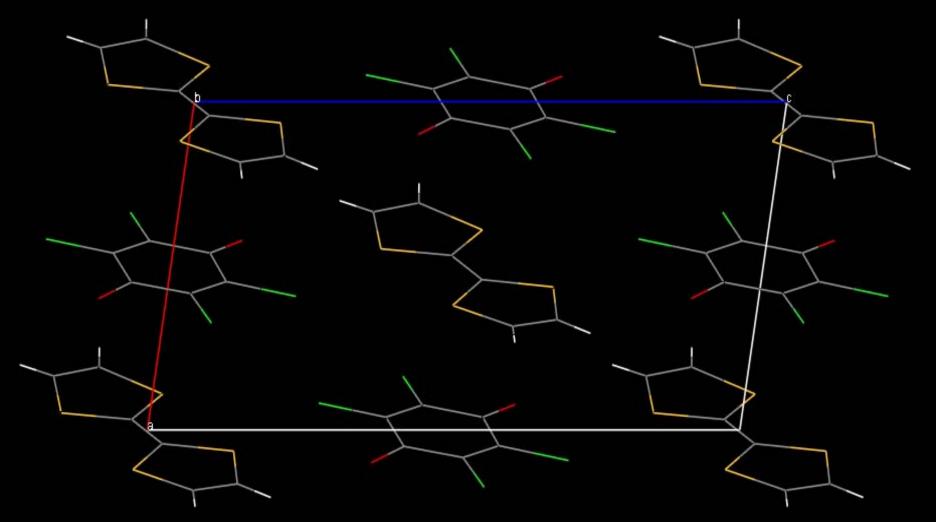
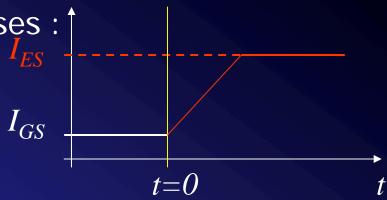


Photo-induced phase

Nucleation VS homogeneous processes: meaning of the change of intensity



Coherent motion of atoms

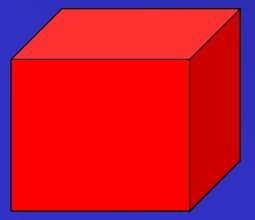
change of the structure factor over the volume

$$F_{hkl} \longrightarrow F_{photo}(\Delta t)$$

and *intensity*

$$I_{GS}(hkl) \longrightarrow I_{photo}(\Delta t)$$

Can be ultra-fast

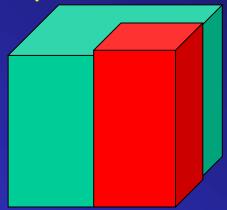


Nucleation of the excited domain

with volume fraction X

$$I(\Delta t) = (1-x(\Delta t))I_{GS} + x(\Delta t)I_{photo}(\Delta t)$$

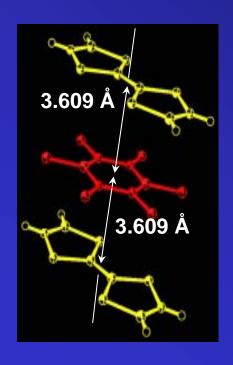
Speed limited

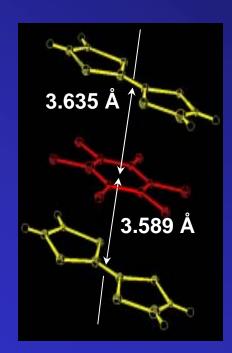


Crystal structure with 100 ps time resolution refinement of homogeneous state

 $\Delta t = -2 \text{ ns}$

 $\Delta t = +1 \text{ ns}$

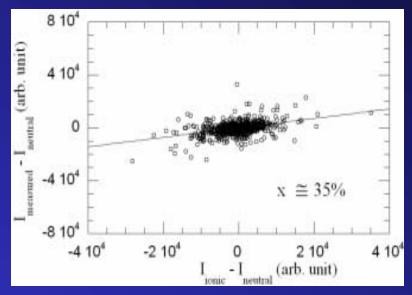




N phase

I photo-induced ferroelectric state

coexistence of N_{para} and I_{ferro} $phases = X I_{tterro}(hkl) + (1-X) I_N(hkl)$



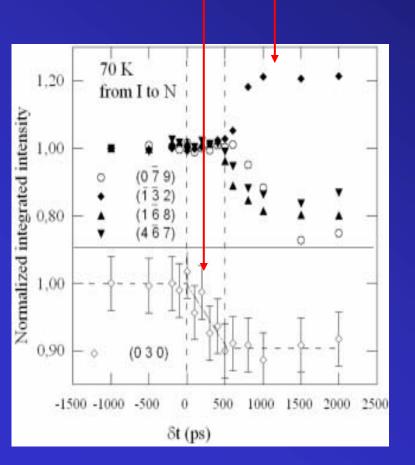
$$X = 35 \%$$

Lost of inversion center due to dimerization processuerin et al, Chem Phys (2004)

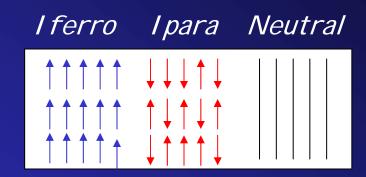
Opposite I-to-N photo-induced transformation: TTF-CA 70 K

- intermediate disordered state?

Change of symmetry +Change of state



Phase diagram at thermal equilibrium

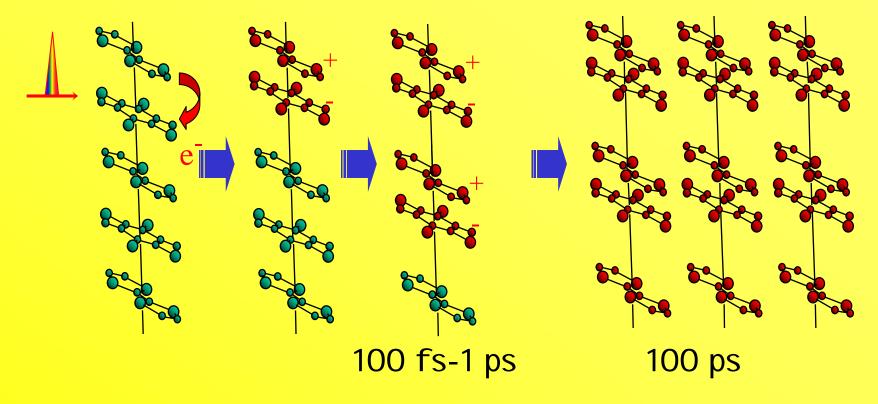


T. Luty et al, Europhysics Lett., 59 (2002)

M.H. Lemée-Cailleau et al, PRL 79 1690 (1997)

L. Guérin, et al, Chem Phys. Special issue (2004)

What is the mechanism???



photoinduced cooperative molecular switching along the chain:

1D process

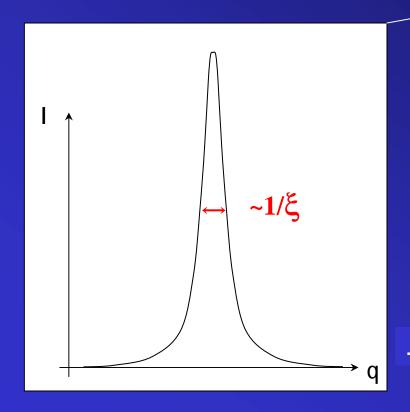
3D ordering of ionic dimers

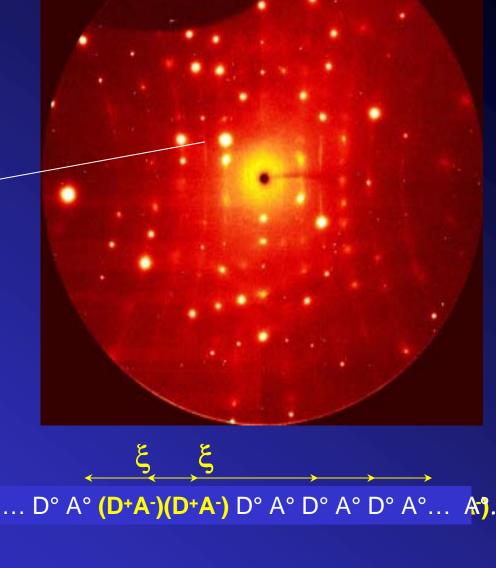
1D local order exist at the very first step: correlation/diffuse scattering??

C. Siders and A. Cavalleri, Science 300 (2003)

Importance of the time resoluti and x-ray flux

Ex: signal dependence with the size of the excitations





E. Collet et al, *Europhys. Lett.* 57 (2002)

CONCLUSIONS AND PERSPECTIVES

- X-ray diffraction:
 - photo-induced structural change: intra and inter-molecular reorganization
- Materials :
 - physical properties driven by light
- X-ray source:
 - development of new sources and beamlines

DREAMS

- Beyond the average structure diffuse scattering associated with the local Excitons (1st step): flux
- Beyond atomic resolution towards electronic resolution : stability
- Towards the early events coherent domino effect : time resolution

Next Spring,

Second International conference on 'PHOTO-INDUCED PHASE TRANSITIONS:

cooperative, non-linear and functional properties'.

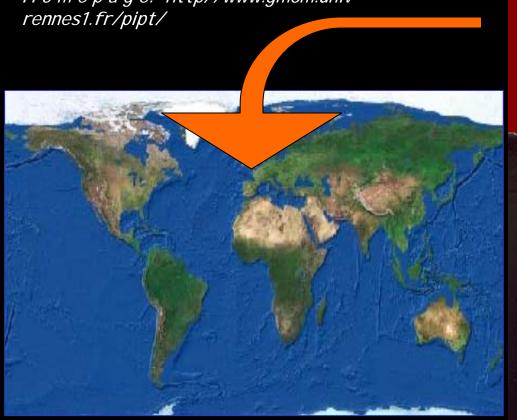
26-30 May 2005, University of Rennes 1, France

Organizing committee :

Marylise Buron, Hervé Cailleau, Eric Collet, Tadeusz Luty,

GMCM, University of Rennes 1, Rennes France.

Homepage: http://www.gmcm.univ-





Topics:

- -Photo-induced phase transiti
- -Photo- and femto-magnetism
- -Photo-induced coherent pho
- -Light-induced functional ma
- -Dynamics and precursor pher
- -Light-driven non-thermal pro
- -Photo-induced broken gauge problems
- -Photo-induced effects in nano-particles
- -Ultra-fast light-induced processes in surfaces.
- -Time-resolved spectroscopy and X-ray diffraction.
- -Photo-induced cooperative chemical reactions in solids
- -Photo-induced magnetic or electronic phase transitions
- -Strongly collective and non-linear processes in excited state